

COMMODORE MACDONOUGH,

THE HERO OF LAKE CHAMPLAIN, Is a native of the state of Delaware, and is about twenty-eight years of age...

Castine, was taken possession of immediately after their arrival, and the seal placed upon the lock;—On Thursday afternoon it was opened, and they commenced an examination of the records...

NOTICE.

THE Collector of the Revenue of the ninth collection district of Virginia, will attend at Fulton's tavern in Charles Town, on the first day of each succeeding month...

NOTICE.

THOSE who made purchases at the sale of the estate of John Wager, dec'd., in January last, are hereby notified, that their notes will become due on the 7th day of next month...

ACCOUNTS FROM THE EASTWARD.

On Monday, a gentleman arrived in town, who left Machias on Wednesday, Castine on Thursday, afternoon, Wiscasset on Saturday, and Portland on Sunday morning...

A TRACT OF LAND in Jefferson county, containing twenty-two acres, one rood and twenty-two poles more or less, the same tract as present in the occupancy of Thomas Cochran...

FULLING & DYING. THE Subscribers inform their friends and the public, that they are carrying on business in their various branches at Mr. Henrich's Fulling Mill, on Mill Creek...

Regimental Orders. THE officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, that compose the 55th Regiment, V. M. are ordered to meet in Charles Town, on the 12th day of next month...

FULLING, DYING and Dressing of Cloth. The public are respectfully informed that the Subscribers will have their Fulling Mill (two miles from Shepherd's Town, on the Martinsburgh road) in operation by the 15th inst. where they will carry on FULLING, DYING AND DRESSING OF CLOTH in all its various branches...

It was asked Sir J. C. Sherbrooke whether he thought his country would retain all east of Penobscot; to which he replied, 'that will be determined by our ministers, who are or will be negotiating in Holland.'

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JOHN W. HARRIS, TAYLOR,

late foreman to Henry Howard, Merchant Taylor, of Baltimore, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Shepherd's Town, and the public in general, that he has purchased the above business in the house of Mr. Jacob Crowl, Senior, adjoining Mr. James Shepherd's white house, and next door to Messrs Worthington & Cook's Store...

THE Subscriber having been appointed by the President of the United States, agent for vaccination, hereby gives notice, that Genuine Vaccine Matter will be furnished to any physician or other citizen of the United States, who may apply to him for it...

U. States Agent for Vaccination, Baltimore. N. B. The editors of newspapers, who print the United States, are required to insert the above once a week for three weeks, and forward a paper containing it to the Agent for Vaccination, who will remit payment for the same by post.

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Twenty Dollars Reward,

RAN away from the subscriber on Saturday night, the 6th instant, two apprentice boys, one named DANIEL RAGON, and the other JOHN WARE—Ware is of a dark complexion, and has a very remarkable scar in his forehead by a blow with an axe; he had on when he went away a second hand blue cloth coat, dyed—Ragon is a boy that hath an ant' sgd walk, rather slow of speech; had on a brown coat with white buttons—their other clothing not known, as they have a variety with them. They are both shoemakers, and will try to pass for journeymen, and may have a certificate from the Journeymen's Society in Georgetown, D. C. Whoever will apprehend said boys and deliver them to the subscriber, living in Georgetown, or secure them in any part in the United States, so that I get them, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid.

N. B.—All persons are most strictly forbidden from harboring or employing said boys, as I am determined to put the law in full force against such offenders. WILLIAM LANG, Georgetown, August 10, 1814.

For Sale, A MILL & SMALL PLANTATION, in Berkeley County, Virginia. This property is situated in a very good settlement, one mile from Smithfield, on Onancock Creek; there is also a Saw Mill and Wood Gearing Machine on said property. The said Mill is now in complete repair. The other improvements are also in good repair, and there is at all seasons a complete supply of water. It is unnecessary to say any thing more, as those who are disposed to purchase will doubtless view the property. Terms of sale will be made known by applying to the subscriber at Smithfield. ROBERT C. PEEBLES, August 4, 1814.

A NEW STORE ON THE HILL, NEAR HARPER'S FERRY. PHILIP HOFFMAN & BNOCH C. BREWSTER, Have opened a handsome supply of reasonable Dry Goods & Groceries, on the Hill near Harper's Ferry, which they are determined to dispose of at very reasonable prices. From their extensive stock, they will select ways in their power to get Goods at the cheapest notice and lowest terms. They solicit their friends and acquaintances at the Ferry and neighborhood to call and see their stock. Gentlemen are particularly invited who wish wearing apparel, such as Hats, Caps, Coats, Vests, &c. as they have been very successful in getting Cloths, Casimires, Velvets, Gowns, Vestings, and Linens at reduced prices and of superior quality. August 4, 1814.

WEAVERS' Slays or Reeds, OF EVERY DENOMINATION, COTTON YARN, Chain and Filling of every size, NICE SPINNING COTTON, Low priced ditto, at 12 1/2 cents per lb. FLAX—NAIS, Cotton and Wool CARDS, of all numbers, ALMONDS, RAISINS, RICE, CHIBSES, COLATE, COFFEE, LOAF and BROWN SUGAR, FRESH TEAS of the first quality, Sugar House MOLASSES, &c. &c. &c. Just opened and now ready for sale by the subscriber at his Store in Shepherd's Town. JAMES S. LANE, July 21, 1814.

JAMES BROWN Has just received, at the Corner Store, adjoining Mr. James's (Globe Tavern) Shepherd's Town, in addition to his former stock on hand, many VALUABLE ARTICLES of present necessity, which on examination will be found under the late prices, and will be sold on fair terms. June 30, 1814.

TO BE RENTED, FOR A TERM OF YEARS, THAT well known and long established Tavern stand, in Charles Town, Jefferson County, belonging to the representatives of Thomas Hagg, deceased, and which has been for several years past in the occupancy of Mr. Robert Fulton—possession may be had immediately. For particulars apply to the subscriber living in Martinsburgh, Berkeley County, or to Mr. Randolph Esq. of Charles Town. JOSEPH HYNOR, February 24.

FOR SALE, An active Negro Boy, about eighteen years of age. For further particulars inquire of the Printer. August 4.

FOR SALE OR RENT, A TWO STORY LOG DWELLING HOUSE, opposite to the Henry Haines Tavern in Charles Town, and formerly occupied by Mr. J. S. Simpson. It is well calculated for any kind of public business. Possession may be had immediately. JOHN HAINES, Sept. 15.

Six Cents and a Chew of Tobacco Reward. RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 21st of July, a bound Girl named MARY BRIDGEMAN, about eleven years old; had on when she went away a blue linsy frock, took on other clothing with her. I will give the above reward for said girl if brought home, but no thanks nor charges. JACOB HILMAN, Sept. 9, 1814.

Blank Attachments FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

FARMER'S REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, (Jefferson County, Virginia,) PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

Vol. VII.]

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1814.

[No. 339.]

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE price of the FARMER'S REPOSITORY is Two Dollars a year; one dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, and one at the expiration of the year. Distant subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance. No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks to non-subscribers for one dollar, and when not particularly directed to the contrary, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.—Subscribers will receive a reduction of one fourth on their advertisements.

All letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid.

OFFICIAL LETTERS.

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 27. Copies of letters from Com. Macdonough to the Secretary of the Navy, dated U. S. Ship Saratoga, at anchor off Plattsburgh, Sept. 18, 1814.

SIR—By Lt. Commandant Cassin, I have the honor to convey to you the flag of his Britannic Majesty's late squadron, captured on the 11th inst. by the United States' squadron, under my command. Also my dispatches relating to that occurrence, which should have been in your possession at an earlier period, but for the difficulty in arranging the different statements.

The squadron under my command now lies at Plattsburgh—it will bear of considerable diminution, and leave a force sufficient to repel any attempt of the enemy in this quarter. I shall wait your order what to do with the whole or any part thereof. I have the honor to be, &c. T. MACDONOUGH, Hon. Wm. Jones, Secretary of the Navy.

Copy of a letter from Lieut. Cassin, to Commodore Macdonough. U. States schr. Ticonderoga, Plattsburgh Bay, Sept. 12th, 1814. SIR—it is with pleasure, I state, that every officer and man under my command did their duty yesterday.

Yours respectfully, STEPHEN CASSIN, Lieut. Com'g. Com. THOMAS MACDONOUGH. Copy of a letter from Lieut. Henley to Com. Macdonough. U. States Brig Eagle, Plattsburgh, Sept. 12th, 1814.

SIR—I am happy to inform you that all my officers and men acted bravely, and did their duty in the battle of yesterday with the enemy. I shall have the pleasure of making a more particular representation of the respective merits of my gallant officers to the Hon. the Secretary of the Navy. I have the honor to be, respectfully, sir, your most obedient servant, RO. HENLEY, (P. S. We had thirty-nine round shot in our hull (mostly 14 pounders)—four in our lower masts—and we were well peppered with grape. I enclose my boatswain's report. R. H.

Copy of a letter from George Beale, Jr. to Commodore Macdonough, dated U. S. ship Saratoga, Sept. 13, 1814. SIR—I have the honor to enclose you a list of the killed and wounded on board the different vessels of the squadron under your command, in the action of the 11th inst. It is impossible to ascertain correctly the loss of the enemy. From the best information received from the British officers, from my observations, and from various lists found on board the Confiance, I calculate the number of men on board that ship at the commencement of the action at 277, of whom at least 180 were killed and wounded, and on board the other captured vessels at least 80 more, making in the whole, killed and wounded, 260. This is doubtless short of the real number, as many were thrown overboard from the Confiance during the engagement.

The masted boats must have been thrown overboard, or otherwise disposed of, as they are not to be found. I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant, GEO. BEALE, Jr. Purser. Thomas Macdonough, Esq. Commanding the U. S. Squadron, on Lake Champlain.

Copy of a letter from Com. Macdonough to the Secretary of the Navy, dated U. S. ship Saratoga, Plattsburgh Bay, September 13, 1814. SIR—I have the honor to give you the particulars of the action which took place on the 11th inst. on this Lake. For several days the enemy were on their way to Plattsburgh by land and water, and it being well understood, that an attack would be made at the same time by their land and naval forces, I determined to await at anchor the approach of the latter.

At 9 A. M. the look-out boat announced the approach of the enemy. At 9 o'clock a line of smoke, at about 300 yards distance from my line, ship opposed to the Saratoga, his brig to the right, captain Robert Henley, his brig to the left, and the schooner, sloop and division of our galleys, were to be seen. The British sloop and brig, the other assisting their galleys. Our remaining galleys with the Saratoga and Eagle.

In this situation the whole force on both sides became engaged, the Saratoga suffered much from the heavy fire of the Confiance. I could perceive at the same time, however, that our fire was very destructive to her. The Ticonderoga, Lt. Com'g. Cassin, gallantly sustained her full share of the action. At half past ten o'clock, the Eagle not

being able to bring her guns to bear, cut her cable and anchored in a more eligible position, between my ship and the Ticonderoga, where she very much annoyed the enemy, but unfortunately leaving me exposed to a raking fire from the enemy's brig, our guns on the starboard side, being nearly all dismantled, or not manageable, a stern anchor was let go, the bower cable cut, and the ship winded with a fresh breeze on the enemy's ship, which soon after surrendered. Our broadside was then sprung to bear on the brig, which surrendered in about 15 minutes after.

The sloop that was opposed to the Eagle, had struck some time before and drifted down the lake, the sloop which was with their galleys having sunk also. Three of their galleys are said to be sunk, the others pulled off. Our galleys were about obeying with alacrity the signal to follow them, when all the vessels reported to me to be in a sinking state; it then became necessary to annul the signal to the galleys, and order their men to the pumps.

I could only look at the enemy's galleys going off in a shattered condition, for there was not a mast in either squadron that could stand to make sail on; the lower rigging being nearly all shot away, hung down as though it had been just placed over the main heads.

The Saratoga had fifty-five round shot in her hull; the Confiance one hundred and five. The enemy's shot passed principally just over our heads, and there were not 20 whole hammocks in the nettings at the close of the action, which lasted without intermission two hours and twenty minutes.

The absence and sickness of Lieut. Raymond Perry, left me without the services of that excellent officer; much ought fairly to be attributed to him for his great and constant attention in disciplining the ship's crew, as her first lieutenant—his place was filled by a gallant young officer, Lieut. Peter Gamble, who I regret to inform you, was killed early in the action. Acting Lieut. Valentin worked the 1st and 2d divisions of guns, with admirable effect. Sailing master Bruin's attention to the springs, and in the execution of the order to wind the ship, and occasionally at the guns, meets with my entire approbation; also Captain Young, commanding the acting marines, who took his men to the guns. Mr. Beale, purser took his great service at the guns and in carrying my orders throughout the ship, with Midshipman Montgomery. Master's mate Joshua Justin, had command of the 3d division; his conduct during the action was that of a brave and correct officer.

The Saratoga was twice set on fire by hot shot from the enemy's ship. I close, sir, this communication with feelings of gratitude for the able support I received from every officer and man attached to the squadron who I have the honor to commend to you.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, sir, your most obedient servant, T. MACDONOUGH. Hon. Wm. Jones, Sec'y of the Navy. P. S. Accompanying this, is a list of killed and wounded, a list of prisoners, and a precise statement of the force engaged. See also letters from Captain Henley and Lieut. Com. Cassin. T. M.

Return of the killed and wounded on board the U. S. Squadron on Lake Champlain, in the engagement with the British fleet on the 11th of September, 1814. SHIP SARATOGA. Killed—Peter Gamble, lieut., Thomas Butler, jr. gunner; James Gamble, boatswain; mate; Abraham Davis, jr. master; William Weyer, sailmaker; John Beckett, Peter Peterson, and John Coleman, seamen; Benj. Purcell and Andrew Parmice, o. seamen; Peter Post, David Bonnet, and Eben Johnson, seamen; Jos. Couch, landsman; Thomas Stephens, seaman; Randall McDonald and John White, o. seamen; Samuel Smith, seaman; Thomas Malony, o. seaman; Andrew Nelson, John Sellsack, Peter Hanson, Jacob Laraway, and Edward Moore, seamen; Jerome Williams, o. s.; James Carlisle, mate; John Smart and Earl Henneman, seamen—28.

Wounded—James Beale, acting midshipman; Joseph Barron, pilot; Robert Gary, jr. gunner; George Cassin, jr. master; John Hollingsworth, Thomas Robinson, Purcell Smith, John Ottwell, and John Thompson, seamen; Edward Rowland, Wm. Faby and Wm. Williams, o. seamen; John Robertson, seaman; John Towns, landsman; John Shays, John S. Hammond and James Barlow, seamen; James Nagle, o. s.; John Lanman and Peter Colberg, seamen; William Newton, o. s.; Neil J. Heidmont and James Stewart, seamen; John Adams, landsman; Charles Raschee, seaman; Benjamin Jackson, Jesse Vanhorn, Joseph Ketter and Saml. Pearson, marines—29.

Wounded—Patrick Cassin, Ezekiel Coud, Saml. Sawyer, Wm. Le Count and Henry Collins, seamen; John Coud, marines—6. Schooner TICONDEROGA. Killed—John Stansbury, lieut.; John Fisher and John Adams, o. seamen; James M. Jones, Henry Johnson, seaman; Dedrick Think and John Sharp, marines—6.

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GUN BOAT HORROR. Killed—Arthur W. Smith, purser's steward; Thomas Gill, boy; Jas. Day, marine—3. Wounded—Eben Cobb, corporal marines—1. GUN BOAT CAPTURED. Wounded—Jas. Taylor, landsman—1. GUN BOAT WILLIAM. Wounded—Peter Frank—scaman—1.

RECAPITULATION. Killed. Wounded. Saratoga, 28 28 Eagle, 13 20 Ticonderoga, 6 6 Preble, 2 1 Borer, 3 1 Centipede, 1 1 Wilmer, 1 1 Total 52 57

Gunboats Nettie, Allen, Viper, Burrows, Ludlow, Alwyn, Ballard, Total 7 9

STATEMENT of the American force engaged on the 11th September, 1814. Saratoga, 8 long 24 pounders, 6 42 pound cannonades, 29 32 pound do. Eagle, 12 32 pound cannonades and 8 long 18 pounders, 20 Ticonderoga, 8 long 12 pounders, 4 18 do. Preble 7 long 9 pounders, 10 galleys, viz. Allen, 1 long 24 pr. & 1 18 pr. Columbiad 2 Burrows, 1 24 & 1 18 pr. do. 2 Borer, 1 24 & 1 18 pr. do. 2 Nettie, 1 24 & 1 18 pr. do. 2 Centipede, 1 24 & 1 18 pr. do. 2 Ludlow, 1 13 pr. do. 1 Wilmer, 1 12 pr. do. 1 Alwyn, 1 12 pr. do. 1 Ballard, 1 12 pr. do. Guns 86

RECAPITULATION—14 long 24 pounders, 6 42 pound cannonades, 29 32 pound do. 12 long 18 pounders, 12 12 do. 9 9 do. 6 18 pound Columbiads. Total, 86 Guns. T. MACDONOUGH.

STATEMENT of the Enemy's force engaged on the 11th September, 1814. Frigate, 27 long 24 pounders, 4 32 pound cannonades, 29 32 prs on birth deck 39 Brig Linnet, 6 long 12 pounders, 16 Sloop *Chub, 1 long 6 pounder, 11 6 18 pound cannonades, 18 6 12 Columbiad and 4 long 6 pounders, 11 13 galleys, viz. Sir James Yeo, 1 long 24 p. & 1 32 p. ear. 2 Sir George Prevost, 1 do. & 1 32 p. do. 2 Sir By. Beckwith, 1 do. & 1 32 p. do. 2 Broke, 1 18 p. & 1 32 p. do. 2 Murray, 1 18 p. & 1 18 p. do. 2 Wellington, 1 18 p. do. 1 Tecumseh, 1 18 p. do. 1 Name unknown, 1 18 p. do. 1 Drummond, 1 32 p. ear. 1 1 32 do. 1 1 32 do. 1 1 32 do. 1 1 32 do. 1 Total, guns, 95

RECAPITULATION—30 long 24 pounders, 7 18 do. 10 12 do. 5 5 do. 13 32 p. cannonades, 6 24 do. 17 18 do. 1 18 p. Columbiad Total 95 guns. T. MACDONOUGH. * These ships were formerly the U. S. Growler and Angler. From the Nashville Whig, Extra, Sept. 5.

An express arrived here this morning from General Jackson, with the following important information. Head-Quarters, 7th Military District, Mobile, August 27, 1814.

SIR—By an express sent from Pensacola as well as Antonio Galina, a citizen of that place who left there yesterday at 12 o'clock, bringing with him the pass of Col. Nicholas, the British officer commanding there, for his protection I have received information, which may be implicitly relied on, that three British vessels, the Hermes, Orpheus and Carvan, arrived at Pensacola on the 25th inst. and on yesterday disembarked an immense quantity of arms, ammunition, munitions of war, and provisions—and marched into the Spanish fort between two and three hundred troops. That thirteen sail of the line with a large number of transports are daily expected at that place, with ten thousand troops.

The Havana papers received there state, that fourteen sail of the line had arrived at Bermuda. It is currently reported in Pensacola, that the emperor of Russia has offered his Britannic majesty \$50,000 of his best troops for the conquest of Louisiana, and that this territory will fall a prey to the enemy before the expiration of one month. Sir J. Fraubridge and Capt. Pigot are the naval commanders. Spain is said by a secret treaty to have ceded Pensacola to Great Britain.

On Tuesday the 6th September the British

You will immediately perceive the necessity of being on the alert, and taking time by the forelock. I have, therefore, to request that you, without delay, cause to be organized, equipped and brought into the field, the whole of the quota of the militia of your state, agreeable to the requisition of the War Department of the 4th of July last. Col. Robert Butler, my adjutant-general, is now in your state, and has been instructed to make the necessary arrangements for transporting, provisioning and bringing to head-quarters these troops, and to prescribe their route. You will have them furnished with all the arms within your reach. Those who cannot be furnished by you will receive them here, but reliance must not be had on that if it be avoided.

I am, respectfully, ANDREW JACKSON. His Excellency WILLIE BLOUNT, Governor of Tennessee.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF BALTIMORE. CITIZENS—The combat which fort M. Henry has had with the British fleet, has manifested to you the advantages which the English possess over you in throwing their shells, and of their ability of bombing every seaport town in the U. States. The reasons are obvious—the superiority of the calibre of their mortars, and the use of their rockets.

I have acquired great experience in the camps, by having served fourteen successive years in the French armies as an officer of Infantry, artillery, and an engineer. My career as a soldier commenced the moment I left the military school, which I entered at the age of ninety years. These reasons combined, induce me to propose opening a subscription at the office of the hon. Edward Johnson, mayor of your city, in order to raise a sufficient sum to cause to be cast, under my direction, two MORTARS, which will throw a bomb the distance of three miles. Two thousand bombs of my invention can be thrown three at a time, out of the same mortar, the distance of three miles, which will afford a great advantage over the enemy, who only discharge one at each time; 200 rockets superior to Congreve's; 200 carcasses, intended to set fire to their ships, at a distance of two miles.

The above engines of defence once completed, are intended to be offered as a present by the good citizens of Baltimore, to the officers and soldiers composing the garrison of fort M. Henry, who so nobly distinguished themselves by evincing unsurpassed courage and ingenuity during the late bombardment.

I offer to the committee of vigilance of the different cities of the United States, which may be exposed to and menaced by a bombardment, to forward to their respective cities, free of all expense, except the postage of letters, at their request, all the plans and instructions necessary for casting the mortars and shells as well as for the construction of the rockets and carcasses.

The only compensation I desire is, that those shells shall bear the name of the addresser, who is the inventor. DE FAUVEL, lieut. col. of engineers.

IMPORTANT ARRIVAL. Arrived this forenoon, British ship Stranger, prize to the privateer Fox of Portsmouth, with a valuable cargo of Ordnance stores. She left England 90 days since, and has several ladies and children on board, who have been bro't in. The Stranger is between 3 and 400 tons, and mounts 6 guns.

A passenger in the Stranger states, that she was one of four ships laden with ordnance stores, which sailed from England, under convoy of a frigate; that on the banks of Newfoundland they were separated in a gale and two of them foundered, and the crews were taken off by the Stranger and the other ship, which two afterward separated; that the Stranger has on board sixty-six 24 pounders with carriages and apparatus complete, expressly intended for Sir James Yeo's new ship building at Kingston; and a great quantity of blankets, soldiers' clothing, shot, shells, Congreve rockets, blue lights, muskets, and a variety of other articles, for the use of the army in Canada. The Stranger commenced unloading yesterday, and no doubt by this time every article of her important cargo is safely deposited in a place of security.

The loss of the stranger and the two ships foundered, will be a very serious one to the enemy, and which cannot very well be remedied till the spring.

The Burlington stage arrived last evening bro't no important information. By a passenger we learn, Gov. Chittenden had issued an order to the militia to hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's warning, to defend the states of Vermont and New York. A Dinner was to be given at Burlington, in honor of Commodore Macdonough's victory on the 27th inst.

The following communication, says the New-York Advocate is from a gentleman who was in Plattsburgh when the British entered it, and was there during the time they remained at that place: On Tuesday the 6th September the British

NATURAL HISTORY.

We are indebted to Josiah Meigs, Esquire, Surveyor General of the United States, for the following interesting paper.

The Grand Saline is situated about 280 miles S. W. of Fort Osage, between the forks of a small branch on the Arkansas, one of which washes its southern extremity, and the other, the principal one, runs nearly parallel with and within a mile of its opposite side. It is a hard level plain of reddish colored sand, of an irregular or mixed figure—its greatest length is from N. W. to S. E. and its circumference full 30 miles. This plain is entirely covered, in dry hot weather, from 2 to 6 inches deep, with a crust of clean white salt, rather superior, I think, to the imported blown salt.

The Journal de Auden, June 24, contains the following extract of a letter from Paris: "His Majesty Louis XVIII. gains more and more the affection of his subjects, both by his personal qualities, & the moderation and justice with which he proceeds to reorganize all the branches of the administration. His choice of ministers is generally approved. The count d'Artois, on the other hand, has lost a good deal of popular opinion, from the precipitation with which he acted while lieutenant general of the kingdom. He is charged, among other things, with having signed too incautiously the convention of the 23d of April, by which the French army was evacuated all the strong places without the consent of old France, and many loudly assert, that to this precipitancy is to be ascribed the cession which France was compelled to make of all these fortresses by the treaty of peace."

The following is an extract of a letter from an officer belonging to the Angle Sicilian army, dated from Genoa, May 12: "The court of inquiry into the conduct of Sir J. Murray, at Terranova, is assembling forthwith at Valencia, whether all the officers required in evidence are proceeding. There is a surmise of part of this army being intended to form a small expedition to America, and it receives credit from the circumstance of some artillery, with the 3d and 8th battalions of the king's German legion, and the 6th and 21st regiments, having received orders to embark for Gibraltar."

A most infamous caricature was published on Saturday last in Paris, representing the different prisons in the ports of this country. These are characterized as floating sepulchres, with a variety of designs and inscriptions, evidently tending to inflame the public mind against the English.

The Frankfurt Gazette says, that Bonaparte proposes to sell the sovereignty of Elba to Tuscany, and requests permission to come and live in England. A subscription has been opened in the town of Manchester, for the purpose of erecting an equestrian statue to the illustrious duke of Wellington. A sum, amounting to nearly 4000l. has already been subscribed.

During the last few days, the sale has been going on of Mr. Cochrane Johnson's effects, he having fled to France.

breaking out of any war; unless, indeed, it be part of the plan of the gentlemen of the English newspapers, to keep a large army stationed in Canada, ever against the American harbors, ever ready, and fully authorized to take possession of them, as soon as the Americans prepare to build. But it is not the harbors on the lakes alone, which are essential to the security of the Canada. On the American bank of the St. Lawrence, between Sackett's Harbor and St. Regis, there are a hundred positions, which, by being fortified, will, whenever the country comes to be attacked, ensure the speedy conquest of all Upper Canada, and a ready communication into the heart of the Lower Province.

The inhabitants of this colony wish to live under the British government. They are astonished and delighted at the display of British arms, which is now made in Canada. But if that power has no other object than to compel the renewal of the treaties of 1783 and 1794, their astonishment will only be surpassed by their mortification.

LONDON, JULY 5. The Journal de Auden, June 24, contains the following extract of a letter from Paris: "His Majesty Louis XVIII. gains more and more the affection of his subjects, both by his personal qualities, & the moderation and justice with which he proceeds to reorganize all the branches of the administration. His choice of ministers is generally approved. The count d'Artois, on the other hand, has lost a good deal of popular opinion, from the precipitation with which he acted while lieutenant general of the kingdom. He is charged, among other things, with having signed too incautiously the convention of the 23d of April, by which the French army was evacuated all the strong places without the consent of old France, and many loudly assert, that to this precipitancy is to be ascribed the cession which France was compelled to make of all these fortresses by the treaty of peace."

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THE public are respectfully informed that the subscribers to the Felling Mill (two miles from Shepherd's Town, on the Martinsburgh road) in operation by the 15th inst. where they will carry on FELLING, DYING AND DRESSING OF CLOTH in all its various branches. They engage that all work done by them shall be executed in the best manner, and wishing their cloth well manufactured, may send it to the mill as soon as convenient.

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ENTERTAINMENT

now kept at Keyes' Ferry, on the road leading from Charlestown to Leesburg, Virginia.

September 29. 3w.

NOTICE.

THE Collector of the Revenue of the ninth collection district of Virginia, will attend at Fulton's tavern in Charles Town, on the first day of each succeeding month of the month of June, July, August, & September, for the purpose of receiving payment of bonds for duties on stils, and to transact any other business relative to the Collection of the Internal Revenue of the United States.

W. DAVISON, Col. Rec. 9th coll. dist. Sw.

NOTICE.

THOSE who made purchases at the sale of the estate of John Wager, dec'd, in January last, are hereby notified, that their notes will become due on the 15th day of October next. The situation of that estate is such, that it will not be in the Subscriber's power to give any indulgence—He will attend at Mr. Williamson's at Harper's Ferry, on the 8th of next month, to give those who may not discharge their notes before, an opportunity of doing so, on that day.

JOHN BAKER, Junior, Shepherd's Town, September 29. Sw.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the subscribers by James Anderson, on the 13th day of March 1830, for the purpose of securing the payment of a sum of money therein stated to be due Patrick Daugherty, they or one of them, will sell on the premises on the 15th day of October next at Public Sale to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all that certain tract of land, situate in Shepherd's Town, September 29. Sw.

A TRACT OF LAND

in Jefferson county, containing twenty-two acres, one rood and twenty two poles more or less, the same tract at present in the occupancy of Thomas Cochrane, lying on the main road leading from Charlestown to Harper's Ferry, and which, upon the 10th day of April, 1830, was conveyed by Mahlon Anderson and Rebecca his wife, to the said James Anderson, by Deed of Record in the county of Jefferson: A particular description of the boundaries, and of said land, is contained in said Deed of Trust, and will be made at 12 o'clock, and the subscribers to convey in character of Trustees to the purchaser.

THOMAS GRIGGS, Junr. Trustees, W. L. M. TATE, Sept. 29, 1834.

FULLING & DYING.

THE subscribers inform their friends and the public, that they are carrying on and business in their various branches at Mr. Henshaw's Fulling Mill, on Mill Creek, five miles from Smithfield. From experience and attention they hope to be able to render general satisfaction to those who may serve them with their cloth. As particular convenience to those living at a distance, the following places are appointed where raw cloth will be received with written directions, (dressed and returned with neatness and dispatch) viz. Daniel Fry's store in Smithfield, and W. B. T. CRAWFORD & ZIMMERMAN, September 29.

Regimental Orders.

THE officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, that compose the 55th Regiment, V. M. are ordered to meet in Charles Town, on the 12th day of next month. The line will be formed at 10 o'clock, and the purpose of being mustered and drilled according to law. A particular attendance is required at the hour appointed.

JOSEPH GRANTHAM, Captain, Commanding 55th regi. V. M. September 29.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold on Thursday the 15th of October next, at the late dwelling of Joseph M. Curran, dec'd, the personal property of said deceased, consisting of horses, cows, sheep, hogs, several wagons, and a small quantity of other articles, such as ploughs and harrows, one wind-mill, one weaver's loom and tackling—household & kitchen furniture, consisting in part of feather beds & bedding, one eight day clock, one bureau & two cases drawers, tables and chairs, one ten and one six plate stove, and many other articles, too numerous to enumerate. Six months credit will be given on all sums above five dollars. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

THOMAS TOOLE, Junior, September 27. Sw.

Darkeville Factory.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he has commenced Fulling, and is ready to receive cloth at his Fulling Mill, near Buckles Town—Cloth left at R. Worthington's store, Shepherd's Town, will be attended to as usual—he will continue to card wool until the first of November. He will have a quantity of Cloth and Fulling Lint for sale in a short time. J. W. WICKERSHAM, September 29. Sw.

Fulling and Dying.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs his customers and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the FULLING AND DYING BUSINESS, at Lido's Fulling Mill, six miles from Winchester, and two from Henry Beavers', where all colours will be dyed on silk, cotton, thread and cloth—For the convenience of those living at a distance he has fixed a stand at Moses Wilson & Son's store, in Charles Town, for the reception of raw cloth, where he will attend every week to receive and return cloth—persons sending cloth are requested to send written directions with it, stating the manner in which they want it dressed. Cloth of any description left at the above places, will be done in the best manner, and shortest notice.

BLIJAH JAMES, September 29. Sw.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

DESERVED on this place on the 10th inst. SAMUEL MATHEWS, a private in the 1st Regt Regiment, five feet five inches high, dark complexion, blue eyes, and dark brown hair—by his statement he was born in or near Baltimore; thirty years of age, and by profession a Cooper. The said Mathews was enlisted by me on the evening of the 10th Aug. last, after a few days had passed I gave him leave of absence, during which time he eloped; and has not been heard of since—he has a intelligent countenance, stout and well proportioned. The reward will be given to any person or persons, who will deliver the said Mathews to any officer in the service of the United States.

H. COHEN, 1st Lieut. U. S. Rifle Regt. Sw.

Recruiting Rendezvous.

Shepherd's Town, Pa. Sept. 29.

CARD.

ALL those indebted to me subscriber are respectfully requested to come forward and discharge their respective sums. The money is wanting, and I have no other way to get it but by the sale of the property that every person interested was bound to the generous request.

HE HAS ON HAND A QUANTITY OF Wrought and Cut Nails, SCOTCH SNUFF, first and second quality, SCHOCK, W. H. V. and LETTER PAPER with many other articles in demand, which he will sell on the most accommodating terms to a purchaser.

JOHN CARLLE, Near the Market-House in Charles Town, Va July 21, 1834.

RYE WANTED.

THE Subscriber will give a liberal price for cash for any quantity of good clean RYE, delivered at his mill on Mill Creek, Berkeley County, July 14. CONRAD KOWNSLAR, (d)

FOR SALE,

MILLS AND LAND,

desirably situated on the waters of Rappahannock, Virginia.

A Mill, situate on the north branch of Rappahannock river in the county of Culpepper, about 25 miles above Fredericksburg, running 2 pair of water wheels, 1 pair country stones, with all necessary machinery, newly built, and in an excellent neighborhood, &c. &c. Adjoining this Mill are 400 acres of fine farming land, on which there is a dwelling house and other houses. The other Mill situate on the south branch of Rappahannock, in Orange, about 30 miles above Fredericksburg, running 1 pair 6 feet water and 1 pair country stones, and a Saw Mill on the opposite side, in a rich country. Near these Mills are 450 acres of wood land—both of these situations are admirably calculated for cotton and wool manufactures, always affording an abundance of water for any purpose—the terms will be made by JOHN ALCOCK, Culpepper County, Va. June 9. (d)

10,000 lbs. prime Sweet

Soal Leather,

which will be sold low, by the quantity, if immediate application is made.

Upper & Harness Leather,

KIP, CALF, HOG and MOROCCO SKINS, BOOT LEGS, American and French Fair Tops, NEW HERRINGS and BACON, &c. &c. &c. JAMES S. LANE, Shepherd's Town, August 18, 1834. P. S. Cash paid for Hides and Skins.

For Sale,

A MILL & SMALL PLANTATION,

in Berkeley County, Virginia. This property is situated in a very good settlement, one mile from Smithfield, on Opeckon Creek; there is also a small tract of land, situate on Mill Creek, near the town of Smithfield, and a small tract of land, situate on Mill Creek, near the town of Smithfield. The improvements are also in good repair; and there is at all seasons a complete supply of water. It is unnecessary to say any thing more, than that the property is well adapted for a plantation, and is well calculated for a small plantation. Terms of sale will be made by the subscriber at Smithfield.

ROBERT C. PEEBLES, August 4. (d)

A NEW STORE

ON THE HILL, NEAR HARPER'S FERRY

PHILIP HOFFMAN & ENOCH C. BREEDIN, Have opened a handsome supply of seasonable Dry Goods & Groceries, on the Hill near Harper's Ferry, which they are determined to dispose of at very reasonable prices. From their acquaintance in Philadelphia it will always be in their power to get Goods at the shortest notice and lowest terms. They solicit their friends and acquaintances at the Ferry and neighborhood to call and see their stock. Gentlemen are particularly invited who wish wearing apparel, as they have been very successful in getting Cloths, Cassimeres, Velvets, Cords, Vestings, and Linens at reduced prices and of superior quality. August 4, 1834. Sw.

Weavers' Slays or Reeds,

OF EVERY DENOMINATION.

COTTON YARN, Chain and Filling of every size NICE SPINNING COTTON, Low priced ditto, at 12 1/2 cents per lb. FLAX—NAILS, Cotton and Wool CARDS, of all numbers, ALMONDS, RAISINS, RICE, CHEESE, CHOCOLATE, COFFEE, LOAF and BRAN SUGAR, FRESH TEAS of the first quality, Sugar House MOLASSES, &c. &c. &c. Just opened and now ready for sale by the subscriber at his Store in Shepherd's Town. JAMES S. LANE, July 21, 1834.

LOOK HERE.

OWING to a requisition having been lately made from the county of Jefferson, for a certain number of men to perform a tour of duty in the service of the United States, I am compelled, as being one of that number, to perform the tour, in consequence of which I have got my brother Ezekiel Showers, to carry on the TAILORING BUSINESS for me, until I return, at my place of residence in the town of Smithfield, which will be done in all its various branches—I hope that my old customers and a generous public will not forget me in consequence of my absence, as if I business will be carried on equally as well as if I was at home. I likewise hope that my old customers will be pleased to see me, and accept my grateful acknowledgments for their past favors.

The public's humble servant, JOSHUA SHOWERS, September 15.

FARMER'S REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, (Jefferson County, Virginia,) PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

Vol. VII.] THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1814. [No. 340.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

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ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, for one dollar, and 25 cents for every subsequent publication, add when not particularly directed to the contrary, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.—Subscribers will receive a reduction of one fourth on their advertisements.

All letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid.

OFFICIAL LETTERS.

Copy of a letter from Brig. Gen. Macomb, to the Secretary of War, dated September 15th, 1814.

Head Quarters, Plattsburgh, Sept. 15th, 1814.

Sir—I have the honor to communicate, for the information of the War Department, the particulars of the advance of the enemy into the territory of the United States, the circumstances attending the siege of Plattsburgh, and the defence of the posts entrusted to my charge. On the 11th of the month the enemy, under the command of the Governor General of the Canadas, Sir George Prevost, having collected all the disposable force in Lower Canada, with a view of conquering the country as far as Crown Point and Tonawanda, entered the territories of the United States on the first of the month, and occupied the village of Champlain; there avowed his intentions, and issued orders and proclamations tending to dissuade the people from their allegiance, and inviting them to furnish his army with provisions. He immediately began to march towards the river, and to send a strong body in his rear to harass his day and night, and keep him in constant alarm.

The militia behaved with great spirit after the first day, and the volunteers of Vermont were exceedingly serviceable. Our regular troops, notwithstanding the constant skirmishing, and repeated endeavors of the enemy to cross the river, kept at their work day and night, and withstood the defence, and evinced a determination to hold out to the last extremity.

It was reported that the enemy only waited the arrival of his flotilla to make a general attack—About eight in the evening of the 6th inst. as was expected, the flotilla appeared in sight round Cumberland Head, and at nine bore down and engaged our flotilla at anchor in the Bay off the town. At the same instant the batteries were opened on us, and continued throwing bombs, grape shot, and shells, and discharging their guns until sunset, when the bombardment ceased, every battery of the enemy being silenced by the superiority of our fire—the naval engagement lasted but two hours in full view of both armies, and was terminated by the enemy's passing the river at the commencement of the cannonade and bombardment, with a view of assaulting the works, and had prepared for that purpose an immense number of scaling ladders. One at the top of the bridge, another at the middle, and another at the bottom of the bridge, and a third at the foot about three miles from the works.—At the two first he was repulsed by the regulars—at the third he was repulsed by the volunteers and militia, where he suffered severely in killed, wounded and prisoners; a considerable body having crossed the stream, but were either killed taken or driven back. The works at this place were very favorable to the operations of the militia. A whole company of regulars were killed, and a number of our militia and 27 men prisoners, the Captain and the rest killed.

I cannot forego the pleasure of here stating the gallant conduct of Captain McClassay of the 15th Regt. who was ordered to defend the battery on the right of the enemy's line, within five hundred yards of Fort Brown, which he handsomely executed at midnight with 50 men; drove off the working party, consisting of one hundred and fifty, and killed several officers and privates, and wounded a killing one officer and six men in the charge and wounding many.

At dusk the enemy withdrew his artillery from the batteries, and raised the siege; and at nine o'clock he retreated to the northward, and with all his baggage he could find transport fifty, and also his artillery.—At the next morning the whole army precipitately retreated, leaving the sick and wounded to our generosity—and the Governor left a note with a suggestion, that he would have been glad to have seen the three vast quantities of provisions were left behind and destroyed, also an immense quantity of bomb-shells, cannon balls, grape shot, ammunition, flints, &c. &c. retreating tools of all sorts, also tents and many other articles, which he had buried in the ground, and a vast quantity carried off by the inhabitants.—Such was the precipitation of his retreat, that he arrived at Chazy, a distance of eight miles, before he discovered he had gone. He left 1000 men and 2000 horses, and was obliged to learn of his flight; and some of the mounted men made prisoners five dragons of the 9th Regt. and several others of the Fear Guard. A continual fall of rain and a violent storm prevented further pursuit. Upon the 11th inst. the three divisions have come in, and many are hourly arriving.

We have buried the British officers of the army and navy, with the honors of war, and shown every attention and kindness to those who have fallen into our hands. The conduct of the officers, non-commissioned officers, and soldiers of my command, during this trying occasion cannot be represented in too high terms, and I feel it my duty to recommend to the particular notice of Government, Lieut. Col. Andrew B. Hall, Major Totten of the corps of Engineers, Capt. Brooks of the Artillery, Capt. McClassay of the 15th, Lieut. De Russy and Prescott of the corps of Engineers, Lieuts. Smyth, Mountford and Cromwell of the Artillery, and Lieut. Col. Lt. Root, who have all distinguished themselves

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It was reported that the enemy only waited the arrival of his flotilla to make a general attack—About eight in the evening of the 6th inst. as was expected, the flotilla appeared in sight round Cumberland Head, and at nine bore down and engaged our flotilla at anchor in the Bay off the town. At the same instant the batteries were opened on us, and continued throwing bombs, grape shot, and shells, and discharging their guns until sunset, when the bombardment ceased, every battery of the enemy being silenced by the superiority of our fire—the naval engagement lasted but two hours in full view of both armies, and was terminated by the enemy's passing the river at the commencement of the cannonade and bombardment, with a view of assaulting the works, and had prepared for that purpose an immense number of scaling ladders. One at the top of the bridge, another at the middle, and another at the bottom of the bridge, and a third at the foot about three miles from the works.—At the two first he was repulsed by the regulars—at the third he was repulsed by the volunteers and militia, where he suffered severely in killed, wounded and prisoners; a considerable body having crossed the stream, but were either killed taken or driven back. The works at this place were very favorable to the operations of the militia. A whole company of regulars were killed, and a number of our militia and 27 men prisoners, the Captain and the rest killed.

I cannot forego the pleasure of here stating the gallant conduct of Captain McClassay of the 15th Regt. who was ordered to defend the battery on the right of the enemy's line, within five hundred yards of Fort Brown, which he handsomely executed at midnight with 50 men; drove off the working party, consisting of one hundred and fifty, and killed several officers and privates, and wounded a killing one officer and six men in the charge and wounding many.

At dusk the enemy withdrew his artillery from the batteries, and raised the siege; and at nine o'clock he retreated to the northward, and with all his baggage he could find transport fifty, and also his artillery.—At the next morning the whole army precipitately retreated, leaving the sick and wounded to our generosity—and the Governor left a note with a suggestion, that he would have been glad to have seen the three vast quantities of provisions were left behind and destroyed, also an immense quantity of bomb-shells, cannon balls, grape shot, ammunition, flints, &c. &c. retreating tools of all sorts, also tents and many other articles, which he had buried in the ground, and a vast quantity carried off by the inhabitants.—Such was the precipitation of his retreat, that he arrived at Chazy, a distance of eight miles, before he discovered he had gone. He left 1000 men and 2000 horses, and was obliged to learn of his flight; and some of the mounted men made prisoners five dragons of the 9th Regt. and several others of the Fear Guard. A continual fall of rain and a violent storm prevented further pursuit. Upon the 11th inst. the three divisions have come in, and many are hourly arriving.

We have buried the British officers of the army and navy, with the honors of war, and shown every attention and kindness to those who have fallen into our hands. The conduct of the officers, non-commissioned officers, and soldiers of my command, during this trying occasion cannot be represented in too high terms, and I feel it my duty to recommend to the particular notice of Government, Lieut. Col. Andrew B. Hall, Major Totten of the corps of Engineers, Capt. Brooks of the Artillery, Capt. McClassay of the 15th, Lieut. De Russy and Prescott of the corps of Engineers, Lieuts. Smyth, Mountford and Cromwell of the Artillery, and Lieut. Col. Lt. Root, who have all distinguished themselves

by their uncommon zeal and activity, and have been greatly instrumental in producing the happy and glorious result of the siege.

I have the honor to be, with sentiments of profound respect, sir, your most obedient humble servant,

ALEX. MACOMB.

No. 1. Report of the killed, wounded and missing at Plattsburgh, from the 6th to the 11th Sept. 1814.

6th Regt.—Killed—1 subaltern, 4 privates; total 15. Wounded—1 sergeant, 1 musician, 15 privates; total 17—total killed and wounded 22.

20th Regt.—Killed—1 sergeant, 14 privates; total 15. Wounded—1 sergeant major, 1 sergeant, 2 corporals, 1 musician, 11 privates; total 16—total killed and wounded 31